University: Assiut	Intro	duction to emb	oryology & evolution
Faculty: Science	Code	e: 418 Z	Total degree = 50
Department: Zoology	y Time	e: 2 hrs.	Final exam. June 201
	سفحتين	حظ الأسئلة في ص	<u>Y</u>
	I. F	Embryology	
Q1. Choose the corre	ect answer:		(10 mar
1- Brain of vertebrates of	levelops from:		
a) Ectoderm b) End	doderm c) Mesod	erm	
2- Corona radiata is pre	esent in:		
a) Amphibian egg	b) Reptilian egg	c) Avian egg	d) Mammalian egg
3- Blastocoel is a circula	ar cavity lined by one	e layer of cells in	:
a) Chick	b) Amphioxus	c) Frog	
4- Polar bodies are form	ned during:		
a) Spermatogenesis	b) Organogenesi	s c) Oogen	esis
5- External fertilization	is seen in:		
a) Lizard	b) Fish	c) Pigeon	d) Rabbit
6- Gastrulation of toad	involves:		
	b) Invagination	c) Involution	on d) All
7- The acrosome of sper	,		
a) Golgi apparatus	b) Mitochondria	c) Nucleus	d) Ribosomes
8- Meroblastic cleavage			
	b) Frog	c) Rabbit	d) None of these
a) Amphioxus	,		a, rione or energy
9- To dissolve egg cover		T	d) Muslagge
a) Hyaluronic acid	b) Hyaluronidase		d) Nucleases
10- Which of the follow	ing possesses archen	iteron:	
a) Blastula	b) Morula	c) Gastrula	d) Hydra
اقى الأسئلة الصفحة التالية	تابع ب		

Q2: Discuss only three of the following:

(15 marks)

A-Types of allantois' placenta. B- Formation of gray crescent & its importance in amphibian development.

C- Formation of primitive streak of chick. D- Development of mesoderm in Amphioxus.

II. Evolution

(Q3: Correct the over line:

(9 marks

- 1- Mutations give rise to new species.
- 2- Darwin and Wallace eslablished "the inheritance of acquired traits."
- 3- Finches of Galapagos are examples of new types.
- 4- Populations are different species if gene flow is prevented by natural selection.
- 5- Lamarckism was formulated by adding the concept of mutation to Darwin's.
- 6- Sickle-cell anemia and Progeria Syndrome are evidences of evolution.
- 7- BURGESS SHALE fossils proved the gradual evolution.
- 8- "Nebraska Man" is a missing link between humans and Great apes.
- 9- Haeckel's Tree based on sudden origin of different species at the same time.

Q4: Answer only three of the following:

(12 marks)

- 1- How Mendel opposed not only Lamarck's model of evolution, but also Darwin's.
- 2-Evolution's claim that "fish are the ancestors of land-dwelling creatures is invalidated by anatomical and physiological observations as much as by the fossil record". Discuss briefly.
- 3- "Homology and evolution lost all significance in the light of new scientific findings". Explain with an example.
- 4- Illustrate six doubts of evolution thesis by natural selection.

Q5: Give the evolutionary term for the following:

(4 marks)

- 1- Non-living matter could come together to form living organisms.
- 2- Organs different in structure but similar in function. 3- Variations within the same species.
- 4- Coccyx, appendix, thymus, semi-lunar fold in the eye, tonsils.

أد عبد الله بكر _ هناء عاطف

Best wishes

Assiut University, Faculty of Science, Zoology Department, Zoology Section,



Vertebrate Taxonomy Final Exam June 2014/2015

Date: 5/6/2015 Time: 2 hour Level: Fourth

Course Code: 433Z

Answer the following questions with Labeled drawing if they needed

And Name	1-	Put v	or X in front of foll	owing senter	nces and correc	t the wro	ng one	:- (10 deg	ree)
	1	Craniata have no atrium. ()							
	2	The snout region of the skull is not developed in tetrapoda ()							
	3	Th	e lower jaw of Ampl	nibia consist	s of a maximum	of six bo	ones	()
	4	The	e Tuatara has immo	vable quadr	ate bone			()
	5	Jac	cobson's organ is usu	ıally well de	veloped in orde	r Squam	ata)
	6	The	e tongue is complete	ly retractile	within a sheath	in snake	S	, ¹ , ₁ , ()
	7	The	e palate is schizogna	thous in Caj	primulgiformes			()
	8	Ap	terygiformes have p	ubic symphy	sis and ischiation	c symphy	sis)
	9	We	ell-developed marsuj	oial pouch is	present in fema	ales of me	etather	ria ()
	10	Dei	rmoptera the only m	ammals wit	h true flight			()
2 -	Me	ntion	THREE taxonomic	characteris	tics for FIVE or	aly from	the foll	lowing (10	degree)
betend	2645	1.	Rat-fish	4.	The Sturgeon		7.	Eutheria	
		2.	Lung-fishes	5.	The gar-pikes	\$ ×	8.	Ostrich	
		3.	Bichir	6.	Sauria				
	MANAGE TO THE RESIDENCE OF	THE TOTAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY					and the same of th	a vector	
3-	Cor		e between each pair		nly from the fol	llowing:		(10	<u>degree)</u>
		1- Hagfishes & Lampreys							
		2- Chondrichthyes & Osteichthyes							
		3-	The Sharks & Ra	ıys					
		4- Heart and aortic arches of a urodele & an anuran							
		5- Chelonia & Crocodilia							
		6- Ciconiiformes & Anseriformes							
		7-	Allotheria & The	ria					
4	Ment	tion t	he taxonomic charac	cters for FI	VE only from (the follow	ving:	(10	degree)
3		1.	Gnathostomata			6. Aglo			
			Pisces			7. Rept			
		3. Elasmobranchi 8. Amphisbaenia							
		4. Apoda 9. Aves 5. Actinoptervoji 10. Mammals							
		5.	Actinopterygii			iu. Man	umais		

0

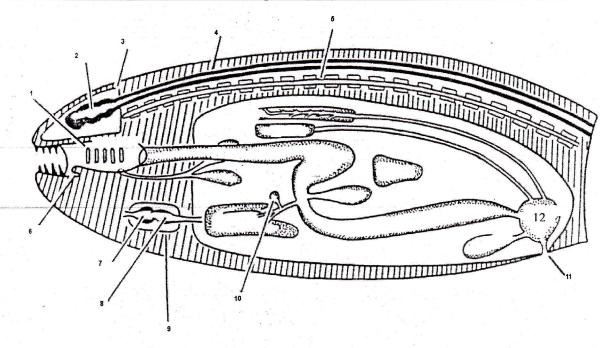
5- Answer TWO only from the following themes:

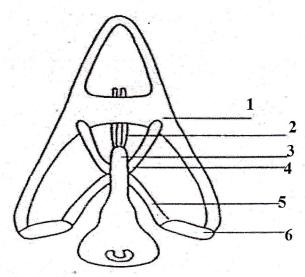
(5 degree)

- 1- Diagrammatically shows arrangement of nesal openings in Crossopterygii.
- 2- Diagrammatically shows generalized vertebrate brain.
- 3- Mention the orders of infra-class Eutheria and explain three of them?

6- Define and label each of the following items:

(5 degree)





With my best wishes.....,



Department of Zoology

Course: Immunology (Z412)

Second semester 2014-2015

Time: 3 hours Total degree: 50





قسم علم الحيوان المقرر: علم المناعة (2412) الفصل الدراسي االثاني 2014-2015 المستوى الرابع

الزمن: ثلاثة ساعات الدرجة الكلية: 50

Answer all the following questions:

Q1 Fill in the following sentences: (20 marks)
1) T cell receptor consists of onechain and onechain and has only
onelocated among the
2) NK cells produce cytotoxic proteinsandonto the surfac
of
3) B cells have distinct recognition receptor know aswhich consists of four chains
twoand twoand this receptor possesses only twosites located
between
4) Based on the type of constant region of the heavy chainsare classified into
classes which are:,,,and
5) All the immune cells exceptare developed and matured in the
6) The progenitor stem cells are classified into three types:
and, therefore T cells
originate from thelineage, but DC cells originate from
7) CD40 is expressed on the surface ofand binds with a receptor known ason the
surface ofduring immunological synapses.
8) The four cell types that act as APC cells are, and
9) Pollen, dust mites and insect stings can act as causing
10) Mature B cells are classified into three types:andand
11) T helper cells express CD3+ and CD4+, while T cytotoxic expressandand
macrophages express
Q2 Write in details using diagrams the three different complement system pathways: (12 marks)
Q3 Write briefly on three only of the following: (9 marks)
A. Epithelial surfaces as an important factor of innate immunity.
B. Mast cells and their primary and secondary mediators of allergy.
C. Natural and artificial adaptive immunity.
D. Inflammation.
OA Angreen three only of the fall of the f
Q4 Answer three only of the following items: (9 marks)
A. Organs of immune system.
B. In a table compare between the different classes of antibodies.
C. Benign WBCs disorders.
D. Factors of innate immunity that limit growth of microorganisms within the body.

GOOD LUCK

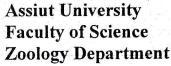
Dr. Gamal Badr

Associate Professor of Immunology

Permanent Web site: http://www.aun.edu.eg/membercv.php?M_ID=393

Email: gmal.badr@aun.edu.eg









Fourth year Exam (Zoology)

Course name: Comparative anatomy

Course code: (432-Z)

Time: 2 hours

Answer the four following questions

First question: Choose the single response that is the correct answer of the following. (25 marks)

4					
	I-ODI	AT CALLS	arec	amm,	m in.
A	. Gobl	CL CCIIS	alt		PAR ALA

a) Only in Amphioxus

- b) Only in Fish
- c) Amphioxus and some bony Fish sp.
- d) Fish and Amphibia

2. The epidermis produces mucous in:

a) Fish and Amphibia

b) Birds and Reptilia

c) Only Fish

- d) Only Amphibia
- 3. Which of the following is untrue of the amphibian skin?
 - a) Contains poison glands

- b) Moisture by mucous
- c) Respiration occurs across it

d) Contains osteoderms

4. Keratinization is major challenge to face:

a) Humid environment

b)Terrestrial life

c) Enemies

d) Dry habitat

5. The Langerhans cells are stellate cells:

- a) Dispersed singly throughout the dermis
- b) Dispersed singly throughout the epidermis and may play a role in cell mediated action of the immune system
 - c) b, and present in all vertebrate skin

6. The most conspicuous component of	of the dermis:		
a) Collagen fibers	b)Elastic fibers		
c) Divided cells	d) Glandular cells		
7. The dermal bony scales are promin	ent in:		
a) Ostracoderm	b) Osteichthyes		
c) Mammals	d) Reptiles		
8. Fibers among the aquatic vertebra	tes lie:		
a) Parallel	b) At angle to each other		
c) Perpendicular			
9. A true horn arises as:	는 사람들은 사람들은 기계에 가장 되었다. 그런 그런 그런 그런 그 것이다. 사람들은 사람들은 기계를 보고 있다. 그런 사람들은 사람들은 기계를 보고 있다.		
a) Bony Ossicles	b) Epidermal Keratin		
c) Dermal bone			
10. Mammalian hairs may perform:			
a) Sensation	b) Protection from wild enemies		
c) Attracting the preys during hur	iting		
11. Specialized functions of the ski	n:		
a) Form an exoskeleton	b) Prevents the entrance of pathogens		
c) Hold the shape of organism	d) All of the above		
12. The only homology of vertebrae	in lampreys:		
a)Notochord	b) Lateral neural cartilage		
c) Myomeres	d) Dorsal hollow nerve cord		
13. Which of the following is not pa	rt of axial skeleton?		
a) Hyoid	b) Middle ear ossicles		
c) Ribs	d) The pelvic		
14. Fate of the otic process is:			
a) Articular	b) Quadrate		
c) Incus	d) Stape		

(Y)

15. The Amphibian skull possess:	하다 뭐가게 나는 얼마를 하는 것이 없다.
a) Tripartite occipital condyle	b) Pair occipital condyle
c) Only one occipital condyle	
16. The synsacrum is:	
a) An adaptive feature	b) A phylogenetic feature
17. The occipital and sphenoid bo	nes are part of the:
a) Chondrocranium	b) Splanchnocranium
c) Dermatocranium	d) None of the above
18. The squamosal and quadratoj	jugal the series of the dermal bones:
a) Facial	b) Orbital
c) Temporal	d) Vault
19. Which of the following bone	s does not form a part of the secondar
palate in alligatores?	
a) Maxilla	b) Palatine .
c) Premaxilla	d) Frontal
20. The parietal bone in the cate	gory of bone:
a) Replacement	b) Dermal
c) Endochondal	d) Prechordal
21. The jaw joint presents in ma	mmals is:
a) Palatine angular	b) Articular- angular
c) Dentary- squamosal	d) Quadrate- articular
22. Avian skull is derived from:	
a) Anapsidian	b) Synapsidian
c) Diapsidian	
23. Jaw suspension in all teleoste	el:
a) Ligament	b) Hyomandibular
c) Otic process	d) Ascending process

24. The structures which overlap	each other to provide support in
tetrapod vertebrae are:	
a) Transverse process	b) Spinous process
c) Neural arches	d) Zygapophyses
25. Developmental change in location	of mesoderm that form vertebrae:
a) Inter-segmental to segmental	b) Segmental to inter-segmental
c) Visceral to somatic	리시 사랑에 가는 사람들이 얼마나 아니는 그래요?
Second question: Fill in the blanks	. (5 marks)
1. Ecdysis includes	
2. Rhinoceros has a	horn.
3. Giraffe horn arises as	. bone from, covers with
4. Sternal rib articulating with	, composed of
5. Mechanoreceptors in vertebrates; 1	그리아 살아가 얼마가 되는 그렇게 되는 것이 하셨다.
그렇다 이 그는 사람들이 얼마를 잃었다면서 없었다.	
Thrd question: Describe the structure	and the developmental stages of one
(a or b or c) from the following:	(10 marks)
A- Mammalian teeth	
B- Chondrocranium	
C- Vertebrae	
Fourth question:: Explain the structur	res of the following ' (10 marks)
A- Placoid scale	
B- Middle ear	

Assiut University Faculty of Science Department of Zoology



Fourth level (Zoology section)
Fisheries Science Z494
Time: Two hours

June, 2015 Final Exam

Answer the following questions: 1- Define - Benthos - Summerkill - Unitstock	(10Marks) - Virtual population -Homeostasis - Growth - Systems analysis - Direct enumeration		
ZooplanktersPhytoplankters			
2- Discuss in details the importance of lake.3- Describe the management of coldwards.	(12Marks)		
4-Mention the most obvious approaches 5- Explain the factors can affect recre6- Write in details about approaches to	uitment. (6 Marks)		
Best wi	ishes Prof. Dr.Usama M.Mahmoud		

Assiut University
Faculty of Science
Department of Zoology



4th level students (Zoology Section) Experimental Embryology (438Z)

May, 2015 Time: Two hours

I-Write "yes" or "No" as answer:

(10 Marks)

- 1- In insects limb regeneration occurs epimorphically only in larval stages.
- 2- Starfish shows great ability to regenerate.
- 3- Polarity is not reversed by chemical treatment.
- 4- Inductive interactions between cells play a major role in causing differentiation.
- 5- Nematods possess high regenerative ability.
- 6-Morphallactic regeneration occurs in frog.
- 7- In the absence of the nerve supply the limb undergoes progressive dedifferentiation.
- 8- In the coelenterates, the regenerative ability is poor.
- 9- Dedifferentiation is the reversion to an earlier developmental state.
- 10-In hydra regeneration occurs in the presence of the interstitial cells.

II- Answer five only of the following:

(35 Marks)

- A-Discuss the induction of the chick lens.
- B- Give an account of factors affecting regeneration.
- C- Regeneration does not occur in anuran and mammalian limbs. Discuss.
- D- Define metaplasia. Discuss the phenomenon in lens of amphibians.
- E- Explain the neural inductor in frogs.
- F- Discuss the mechanism of regeneration in annelids and planarians.

III- Choose the correct answer:

(5Marks)

- 1- Which of the following has the greatest regenerative capacity:
 - a-Earthworm

b- Reptile

c- Hydra

d- Fish

- 2- The self-amputation of an appendage is known as:
 - a-Regeneration

b- Autotomy

- c- Autogamy
- 3- In fish the regeneration is restricted only to:
 - a- Liver

b- Head

c-Limbs

d- Fins

- 4- Regeneration in skeletal muscles occurs by:
 - a-Germ cells

b- Blood cells

- c-Satellite cells
- 5- Accumulate of cells at the site of injury is:

a-Morphallaxis

b- Blastema

b- Repair

d- Epimorphosis .

Best wishes

Prof. Abdallah B.Mahmoud