

Assiut University
Faculty of Science
Zoology Department

- Academic Year: 2nd semester 2015

-Course: Healthy Nutrition (UR013)

-Marks: 50 -Time: 2 hours

- Date: 4/6/2015



Note: The exam is in two papers: Q1: Choose the correct answer (10 marks):

1. A mineral essential for the production of	thyroid hormones:
a)- Iron	c)- Selenium
b)- Iodine	d)- Zinc
2. Cells secrete HCl during digestion in the	
a)- Neck cells	c)- Chief cells
b)- G cells	d)- Parietal cells
3. Extreme fluid retention observed in indiv	
a)- Anemia	c)- Marasmus
b)- Kwashiorkor	d)- both b & c
4. Body mass index range of obese people:	
a)- 18.5–24.9	c)-≥30
b)- 25–29.9	d)- 27–32
5. Butylated hydroxyanisole (BHA) is:	
a)- Chelating agents	c)- Primary antioxidants
b)- Oxygen scavengers	d)- none of them
6. Prevent ingredients from separating again	
a)- Stabilisers	c)- Anti-caking agents
b)- Emulsifiers	d)- Anti-foaming agents
7. Converts amino acids to carbohydrates:	
a)- Epinephrine	c)- Melatonine
b)- Serotonin	d)- Cortisol
8. Vitamin has vital roles in vision and imm	une defenses:
a)- Vitamin E	c)- Vitamin K
b)- Vitamin A	d)- Vitamin C
9. Inhibit the feeding centers in the brain:	
a)- Catecholemines	c)- Amphetamines
b)- Orlistat	d)- none of them
10. Feeling of fullness that causes us to stop	eating:
a)- Appetite	c)- Satiation
b)- Hunger	d)- none of them

Q2: Calculate (5 marks):

Body Mass Index (BMI) for a person, who has 85 Kg weight and 160 cm height. Mention the category to its BMI.

See next

03: Write whether of the following statements is True (T) or Falls (F) and correct it (10 Marks):

1. Insulin is secreted from α- cells in pancreas ().
2. Vitamins E deficiency causes xerophthalmia and xerostomia ().
3. White adipose tissue contains more mitochondria and rich in blood (
4. Enzymes are functional proteins ().
5. Bi-layer of cell membrane composed of steroids ().
6. Cells fail to use insulin properly in type 1 diabetes ().
7. Secretin stimulates the secretion of bicarbonate in the pancreas ().
8. E-Number of preservatives begins with number 3 ().
9. Anabolism Includes synthesis and energy storage reactions (*).
10. Dopamine is responsible for involuntary movements ().

04: Mention the difference between (10 marks):

- a. White and brown adipose tissue.
- b. Marasmus and kwashiorkor.
- c. Type 1 and type 2 diabetes.
- d. Emulsifiers and stabilisers.

Q5: Write on Three only of the following (15 marks):

- a. Virilizing and anabolic effects of testosterone.
- b. Complications of diabetes.
- c. Causative conditions of secondary malnutrition.
- d. Fat-soluble vitamins.
- e. Gastric bypass surgery.

Good Luck
Dr. Sohair M. M. Ragab







(1)



Time: 2 hour Level: First

Course Code: 100

Second Semester /General Zoology Exam /June 2015 For Petroleum Geology students

Answer the following questions (50 marks) Note: The exam in Six pages

1 15	indicate Addition for the	<u> ७८७ मा (नगरनेयं स्वर्गाचे (नरस्य)</u>	મુંબલ હું હું મારા પ્રાથમ	(AUTHEREKS)
1.	Amoeba sp. bel	ongs to		
	a) Parazoa	b) Mesozoa	c) Eumetazoa	d) None of them
2.	What type of gl	and secretes its produ	uct directly into bloc	od stream?
	a) Endocrine	b) Unicellular	c) Exocrine	d) Goblet cell
3.	contr	ol(s) what enters and	leaves the nucleus.	
	a) DNA		b) Nuclear pore	S
	c) Cell membr	ane	d) Nucleoplasm	
4.	Which one of the	following is not foun	d in animal cell?	
	a) Cell memb	orane b) Lysosome	es c) Centriole	s d) Cell wall
5.	Which of the foll	owing has stages arra	nged in the sequenc	e in which
	they occur?			
	a) Morula> bl	astula > cleavage	b) Egg> gastru	ıla> morula
	c) Gastrula> b	lastula > morula	d) Zygote> mo	rula > blastula
6.	The cytoskeleton	of the animal cell inc	ludes	
	a) Microtubul	es	b) Microfilam	ents
	c) Intermediat	e filaments	d) All	
7.	Primary spermat	ocytes become second	lary spermatocytes l	bydivision
	a) 1 st meiotic	b) 2 nd meiotic	c) 1 st mitotic	d) 2 nd mitotic
8.	The first inverted	orates to develop nerv	ous system are	•••••
	a) Sponges	b) Annelids	c) Flat worms d	Cnidarians

9.	9. Which of the following is highly vascular	rized?
* 140 11 15	a) Cartilage	b) Simple epithelium
Newson (Co.)	c) Stratified epithelium	d) Areolar C.T.
10	10. Tendon is a structure which connects	
11	a) a bone with another bonec) a nerve with a muscle11is the site of riboson	b) a muscle with a bone d) a muscle with a muscle me production.
	a) Nucleus b) Nucleolus c) Syn	thesis of proteins d) RER
12	12hormone increases the le	vel of glucose in the blood.
	a) Insulin b) Glycogen c) Glu	acagon d) Growth
13.	13. The first name of epithelium refers to	,
	a) No. of cells b) shape of cells	c) No. of layers d) No. of nuclei
14.	14. The chromatin of eukaryotic nucleus consis	ts of
er may e	a) DNA+RNA b) DNA only c) DNA+	ribosomes d) DNA+histones
15.	15. Mitochondria are self-replication organo	elles due to
		b) The presence of their own DNA
	c) The ability to produce energy (ATP)	
16.	16. Which hormone regulates the biological	
	a) Melanin b) Calcitonin	c) TSH d) Melatonin
17.	17. Which of the following is the correct scie	entific name for a human being?
	a) Homo Sapiens b)	homo sapiens
	c) homo Sapiens d)	Homo sapiens
18.	18. Which of the following is False about th	e cell membrane?
	a) Semi-permeable	b) Composed of proteins only
	c) A double membrane	d) Covered with cell coat
19.	19. The transport of secretory proteins takes pl	ace through organelles in the order
	a) RER>Transport vesicle>Glogi>Secret	ory vesicle
	b) Transport vesicle>RER>Golgi>Secret	ory vesicle
	c) RER>Transport vesicle>Secretory ves	icle>Golgi
	d) RER->Golgi->Transport vesicle Secre	etory vesicle
20.	20. If two organisms are in the same class, t	hey must also be in the same:
	a) Order b) Species	c) Family d) Phylum

Second question: Match each of the following with its single correct answer

Column 1	The	Column 2
	answer	
(A) Flat worm with incomplete digestive system	(8)	1. Sponges
(B) Reproduce sexually by conjugation		2. Phylum Annelida
(C) Causes sleeping sickness disease		3. Phylum Arthropoda
(D) Segmented worms and includes leeches		4. Phylum Chordata
(E) Includes scorpions, spiders, insects and crabs		5. Phylum Cnidaria
(F) Unsegmented Pseudocoelomate animals		6. The earth worm
(G) Has a stinging cells called cnidocytes		7. Phylum Nematoda
(H) Defined the species		8. Fasciola sp.
(I) Belong to parazoa		9. Trypanosoma sp.
(K) Segmented worm with closed circulatory system		10. Paramecium sp.
(L) With notochord and dorsal hollow nerve cord		11.Ray
(M) Established the current classification system	*	

hird question: Answer the following
Which germ layer gives rise to nervous system? ()
The deficiency of iodine in food causes a disease known as
()
Are vesicles with digestive and hydrolytic enzymes inside to break down
the things the cell no longer need.
A science of biology deals with the formation, structure and function of cells.
()
Which membranous organelles are involved in protein synthesis?
()
The movement of liquid materials across the cell membrane is known as
()
Which cells support and protect neurons?
()
A type of cartilage with extensive collagenous fibers.
()

	9. The deficiency of insulin in the blood	causes a disease known as
		()
THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T	10. What is the name of the body cavity	that is completely surrounded by
	tissue derived from the mesoderm?	()
	11. Which hormone regulates the sodium	n level in the blood? ()
	12. Inside the cell, the colloid medium in	n which all the organelles float is called
		()
	13. The control center of the cell and con	
		()
X	14. A type of eggs with little amount of y	yolk distributed uniformly in the egg.
		()
1	5. Which organelles modify, sort and pa	ackage proteins in the cell?
The second stable and the development of the second		()
1	6. A type of neurons that transmits the n	
		()
1	7. When many processes arise from the	
		()
1	8. What type of epithelial lines the urina	ry bladder? ()
1	9. The union of sperm and an ovum to for	orm fertilized egg is known as
		()
2	0. A type of fibers that made of elastin.	()
	ing syklication (vision) by only	v of diesollowing
	Compare between chordates and inve	
	Chordates	Invertebrates
	Chordates	invertebrates
(1)	A	
	<u></u>	
(2)		
2		
(3)		

2. List Three general characters of insects.

b)						••••
c)						
. Write <u>T</u>	hree hormones	and mention	their function	ns of the pituita	ry gland.	
b)						• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
c)						
. Define t	he following:					
a) Em	bryology					•••
and the second second	and the product of the state of			T		• • • •
c) Oo	avagegenesis		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
What a	re the main diffe	rences betwe	en each pair	of the following	?	i é
(a)		karyotes		Eul	karyotes	
(1)						
(2)						
(b)	Simple p	assive diffusion	on	Facilitated	passive diffusi	on
6. Comp	lete the followin	g table about	areolar conn		d simple colum	nnar
ssue type	Matrix amount	Vascularity	Cellularity	Nerve supply	One only	Origin
eolar						2 0 P
nnective						
sue			9 8			
nple lumnar					Secretion	

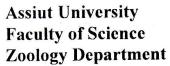
epithelium

Fifth question: Answer Five only of the following (10 marks)

	The state of the s
9	The second secon
the second of th	chair has remained 20161 and the
(a) Draw a labeled diagram of animal cell membrane	(b) Draw a labeled diagram of gastrula stage
(c) Tissue name: description: Location:	(d)Tissue name: Location: Function (1 only): The arrow refers to:
(e) Is it medusa or poly?	(f) Identify the tissue. Description. Location Function (1 only).

By Dr. Zeinab Elbakary With my best wishes









Time: 2 hour Second Semester /General Zoology Level: First Exam /June 2015

CourseCode: 100Z

Answer the following questions (50 marks) Note: The exam in Six pages

Q	: Choose the best single correct answer (10 marks
1.	What type of gland secretes its product directly into blood stream?
	a) Endocrine b) Unicellular c) Exocrine d) Goblet cell
2.	control(s) what enters and leaves the nucleus.
	a) DNA b) Nuclear pores
	c) Cell membrane d) Nucleoplasm
3.	Which one of the following is not found in animal cell?
	a) Cell membrane b) Lysosomes c) Centrioles d) Cell wall
4.	Which of the following has stages arranged in the sequence in which
	they occur?
	a) Morula> blastula> cleavage b) Egg> gastrula> morula
	c) Gastrula> blastula> morula d) Zygote> morula> blastula
5.	The cytoskeleton of the animal cell includes
	a) Microfilaments
	c) Intermediate filaments d) All
6.	Primary spermatocytes become secondary spermatocytes by
•	a) Meiosis I b) Mitosis I c) Meiosis II d) Mitosis II
7.	The first invertebrates to develop nervous system are
	a) Sponges b) Annelids c) Flat worms d) Cnidarians
8.	Amoeba sp. belongs to
	a) Parazoa b) Mesozoa c) Eumetazoa d) None of them
9.	Which of the following is highly vascularized?
	a) Cartilage b) Simple epithelium
	c) Stratified enithelium d) Areolar C.T.

d) RER->Golgi->Transport vesicle Secretory vesicle

b) Species

a) Order

20. If two organisms are in the same class, they must also be in the same:

c) Family

d) Phylum

Q2: Match each of the following with its answer (5 marks)

Column 1	The	Column 2
and the state of t	answer	
(A) Flat worm with incomplete digestive system	(8)	1. Sponges
(B) Reproduce sexually by conjugation		2. Phylum Annelida
(C) Causes sleeping sickness disease		3. Phylum Arthropoda
(D) Segmented worms and includes leeches		4. Phylum Chordata
(E) Includes scorpions, spiders, insects and crabs		5. Phylum Cnidaria
(F) Unsegmented Pseudocoelomate animals	an A	6. The earth worm
(G) Has a stinging cells called cnidocytes		7. Phylum Nematoda
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(K) Segmented worm with closed circulatory system		10. Paramecium sp.
(L) With notochord and dorsal hollow nerve cord		11.Ray
(M) Established the current classification system	de State	

Q3: Answer the following (10 marks
1. Which germ layer gives rise to nervous system? ()
2. The deficiency of iodine in food causes a disease known as
3. Are vesicles with digestive and hydrolytic enzymes inside to break down
the things the cell no longer need.
4. A science of biology deals with the formation, structure and function of cells.
()
5. Which membranous organelles are involved in detoxification?
()
6. The movement of liquid materials across the cell membrane is known as
()
7. Which cells support and protect neurons?
()
8. A type of cartilage with extensive collagenous fibers.
()
9. Which hormone increases the level of glucose in the blood? ()

	10. What is the name of the body cavity th	at is completely surrounded by					
	tissue derived from the mesoderm?	()					
	11. Which gland produces adrenaline?	()					
	2. Inside the cell, the colloid medium in which all the organelles float is called						
		()					
	13. The control center of the cell and conta	ains genetic material (DNA).					
		()					
	4. A type of eggs with little amount of yolk distributed uniformly in the egg.						
* = "	and the second s	()					
	15. Which organelles modify, sort and package proteins in the cell?						
		()					
	16. A type of neurons that transmits the ne	erve impulse to the brain.					
		()					
	17. When many processes arise from the body of neuron, the neuron is called						
		()					
	18. What type of epithelial lines the urinary bladder? ()						
	19. The union of sperm and an ovum to form fertilized egg is known as						
	•	()					
	20. A type of fibers that made of elastin.						
	Q4 : Answer Five only of the following: (15 marks)						
	b)						
	2. Compare between cartilages and bone	es.					
	Cartilages	Bones					
(1)							
. ,							
(2)							
` '	and a sub-Mark in participant and						
(3)							
(3)							

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Wri	te Thre	e hormones	and mention	their fu	ınction	s of the pitui	tary gland.		
a).		_ 							
c)									
		ollowing:			.				
2)	Embryo	logy					••••		
b)	Cleavac	10		1,710.1					
رن (د	Oogene	cic							
13/h	ot are th	a main diffe	rences betwe	en each	pair c	of the followin	ıg?		
	at are ti				ech pair of the following? Eukaryotes				
(A)	Prokaryotes				3 - 2				
(1)									
×									
(2)	*								
9					Mr. 1997				
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(B)	Simple passive diffusion			Facilitated passive diffusion					
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(a) Draw a labeled diagram of animal cell membrane	(b) Draw a labeled diagram of a mature sperm
(c) Tissue name : Description: Location:	(d)Tissue name: Location: Function (1 only): The arrow refers to:
(e) Is it medusa or polyp?	(f) Identify the tissue. Description. Location
	Function (1 only)

By Drs. Safaa, Fatma and Ali With our best wishes