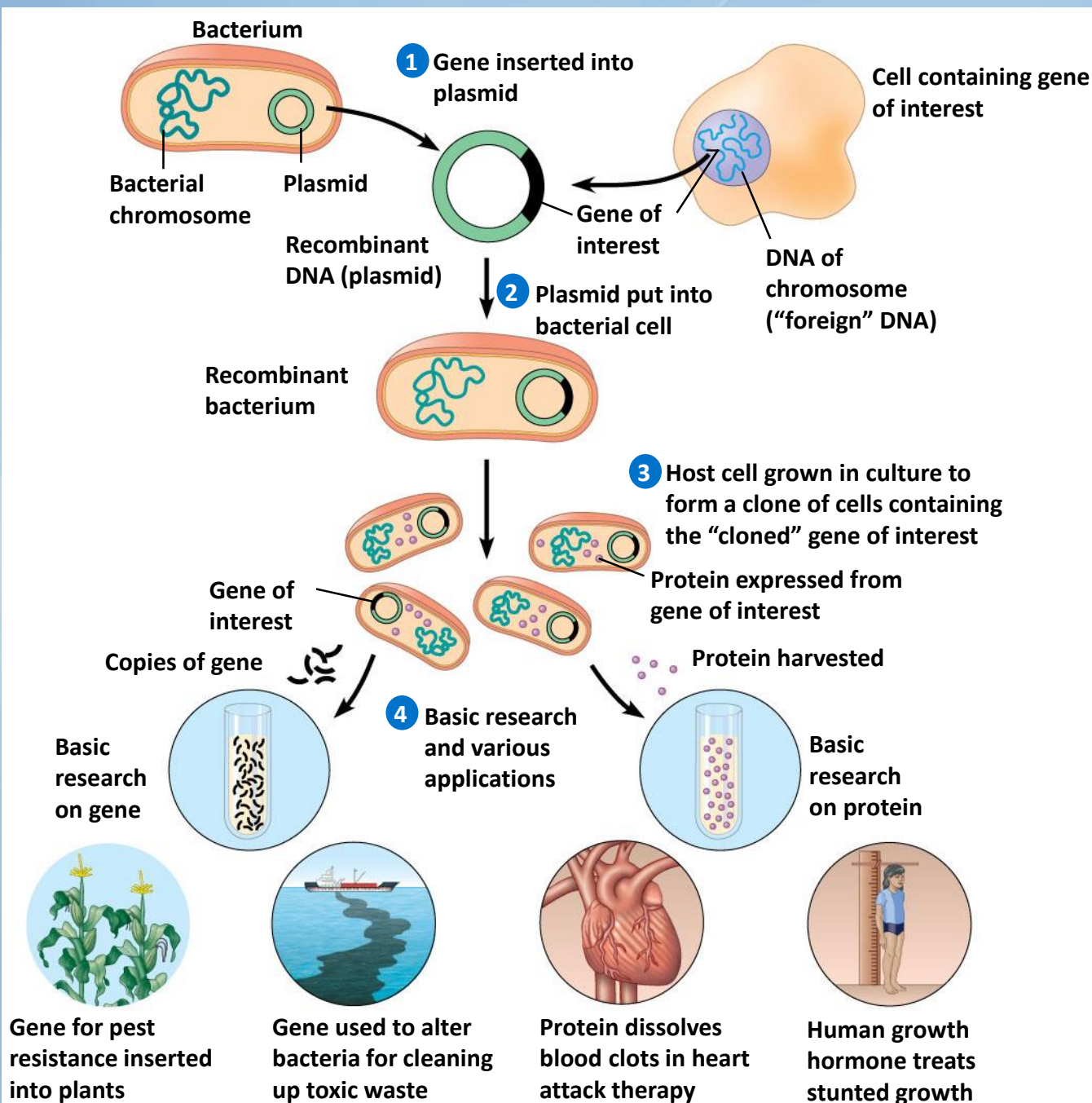
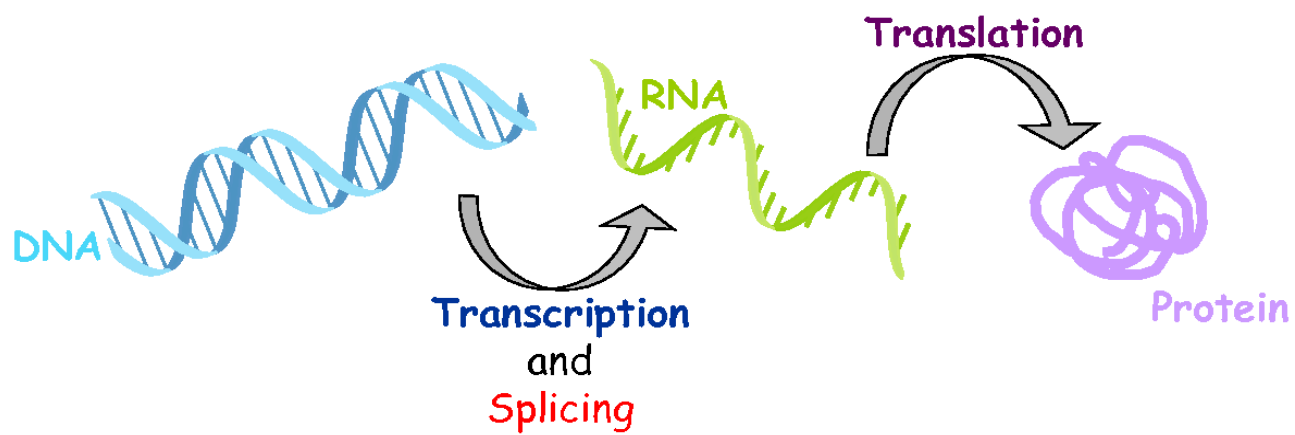


Gene Expression

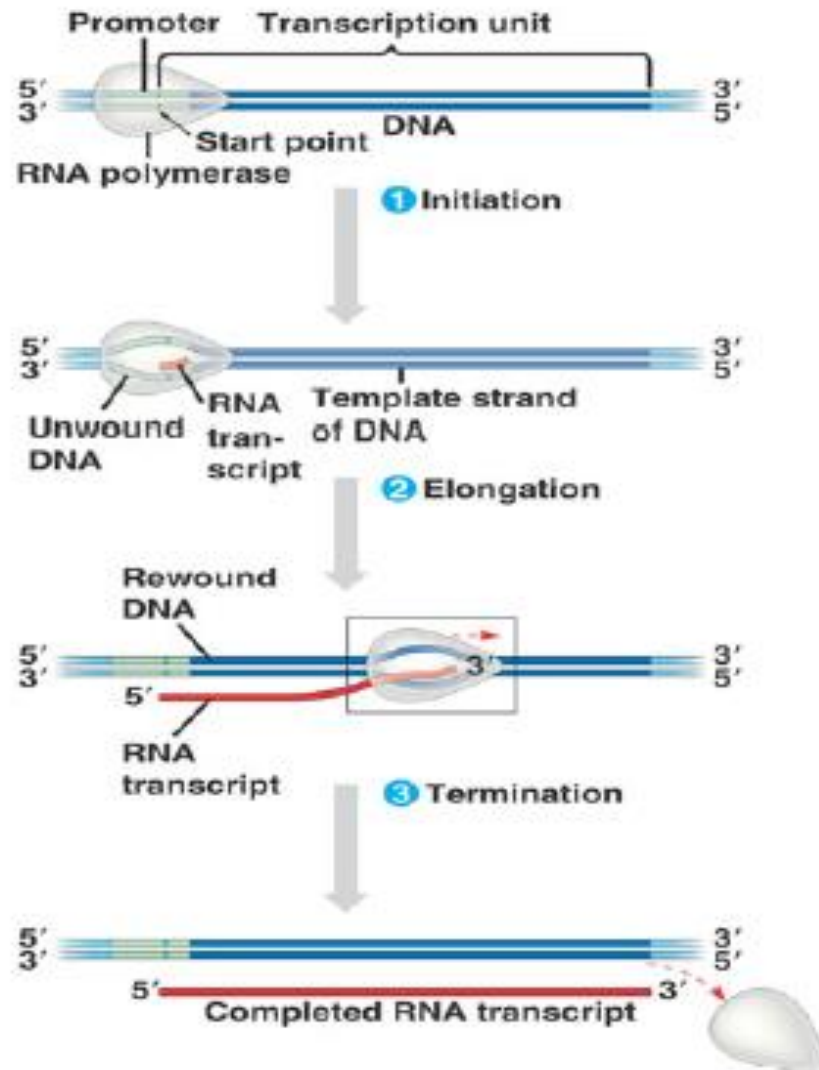
Ameer Effat M. Elfarash

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aelfarash@aun.edu.eg

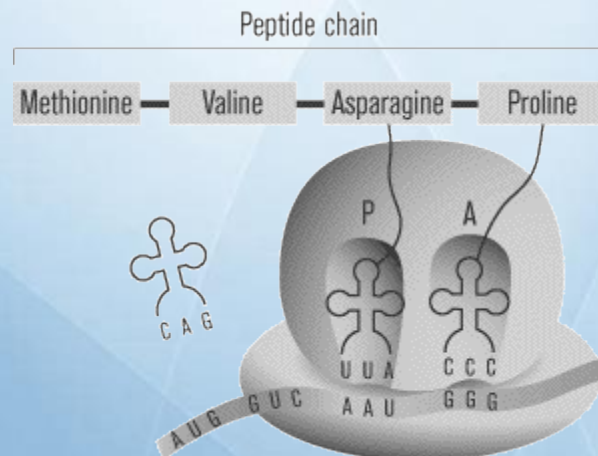
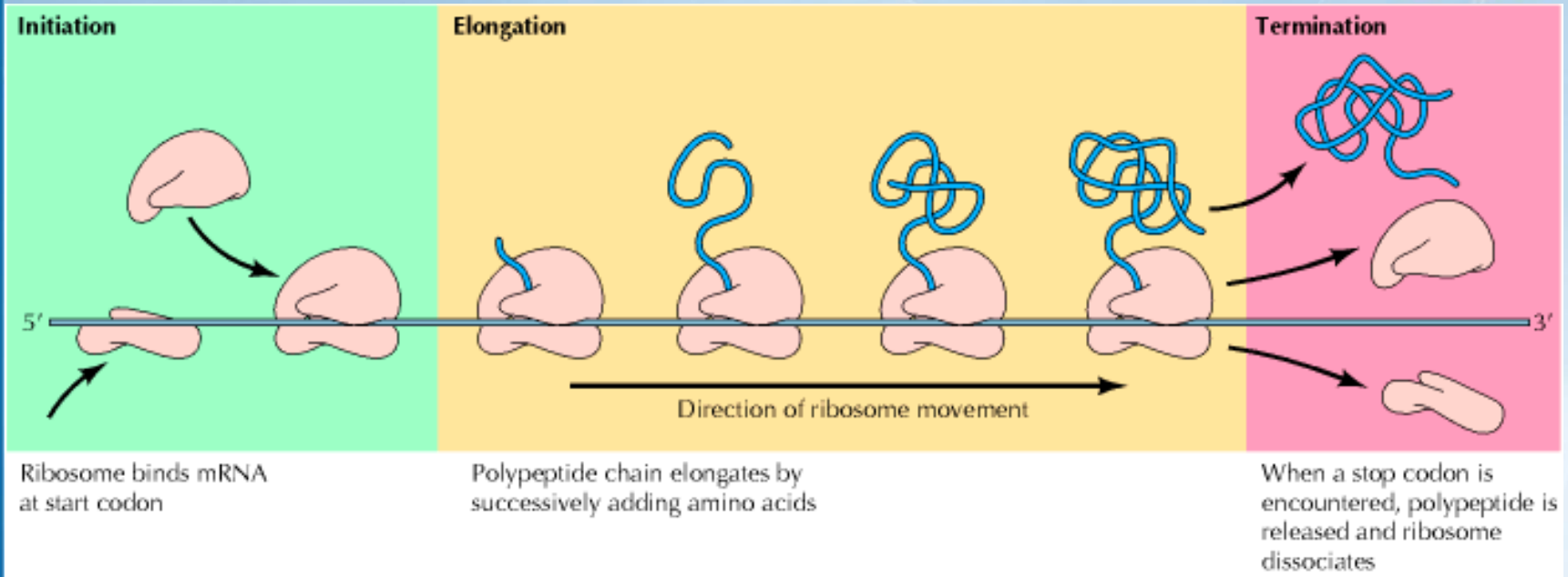




Transcription



Translation



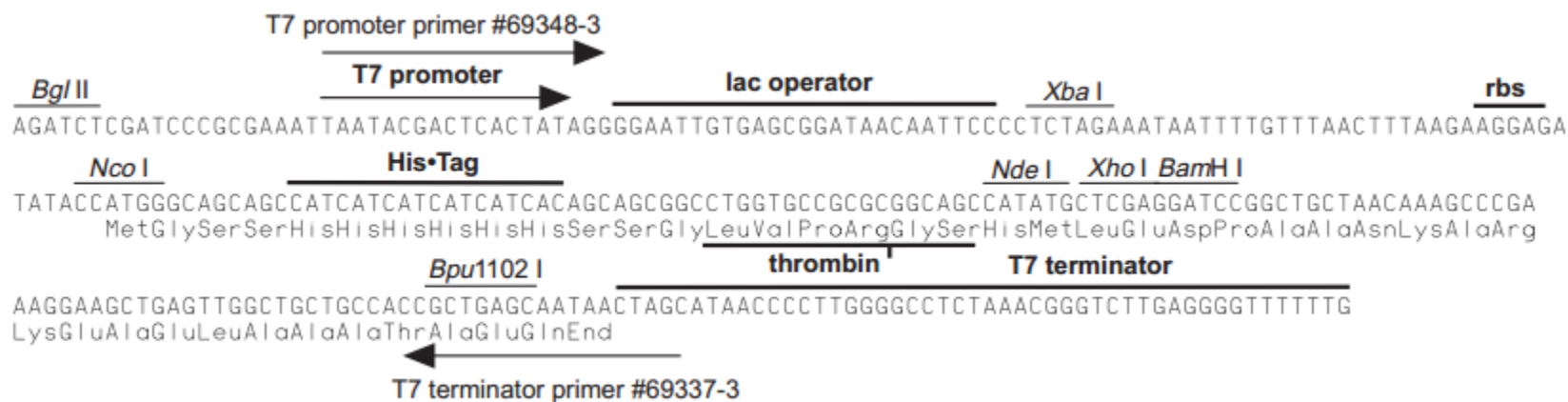
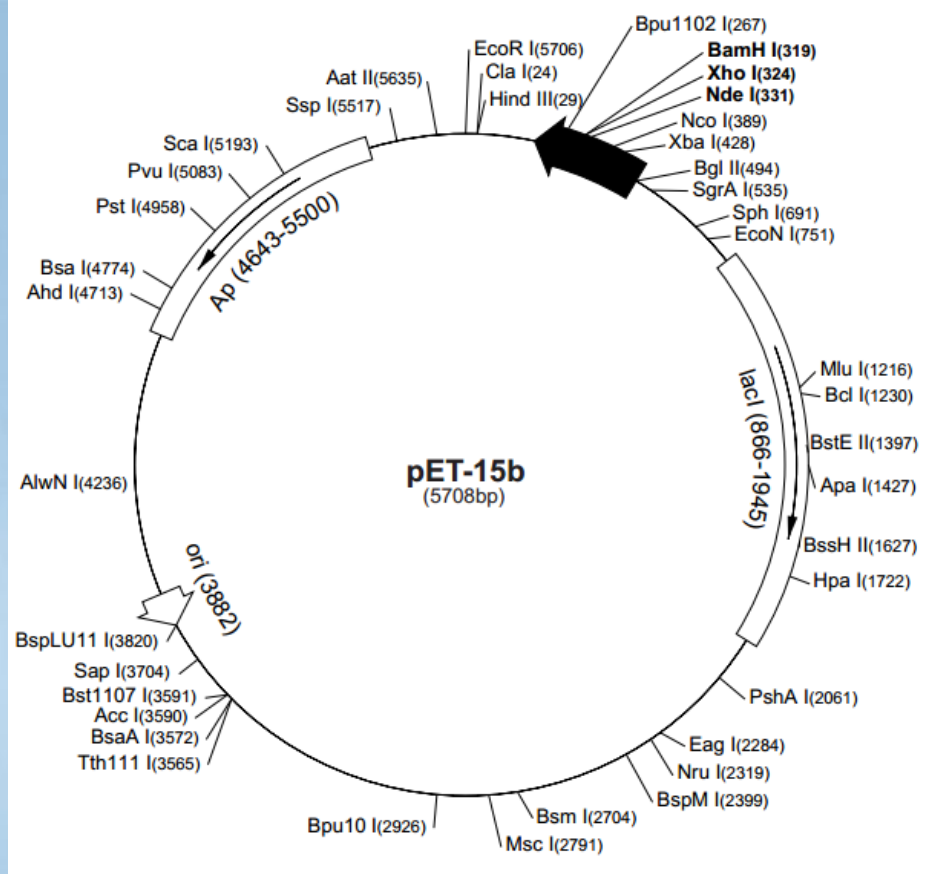
The Regulation of Gene Expression



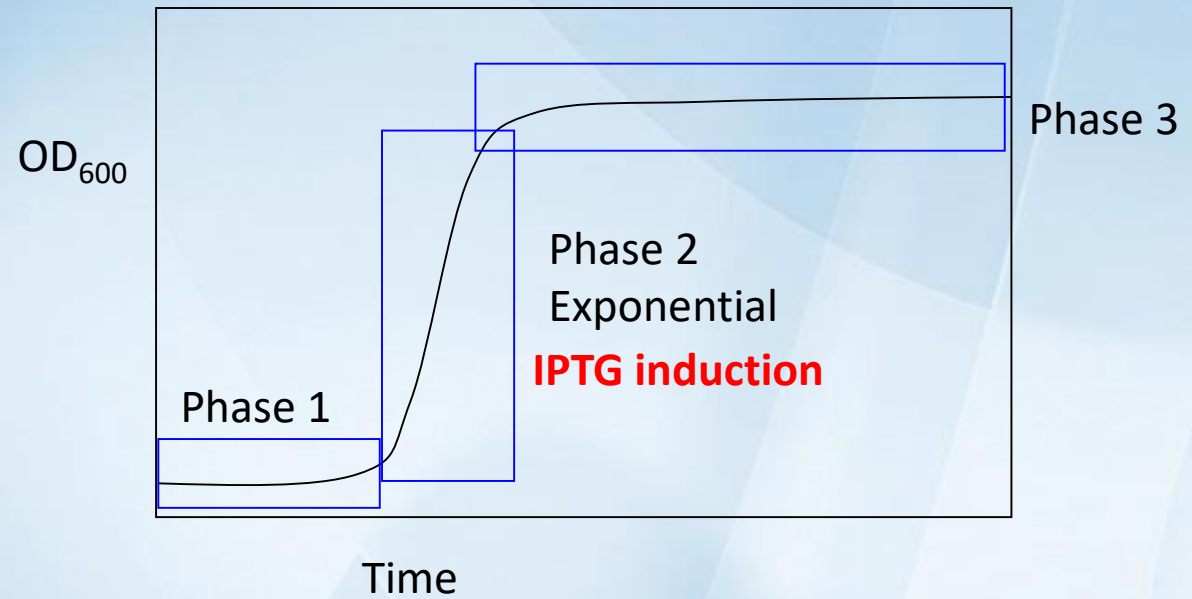
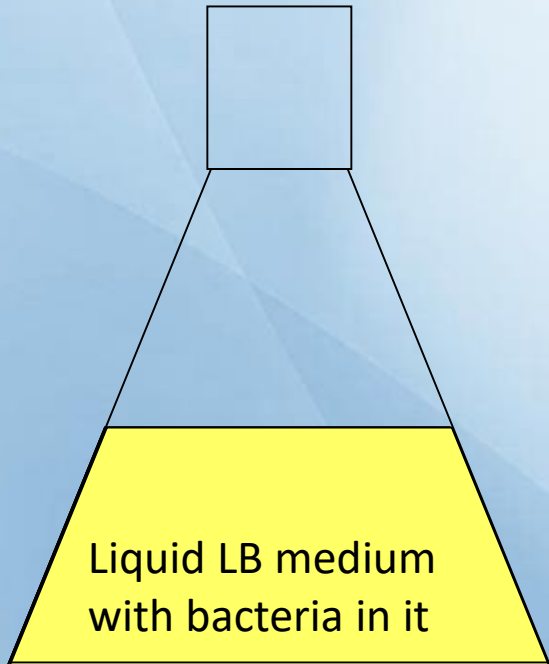
The Regulation of Gene Expression

Lac Operon

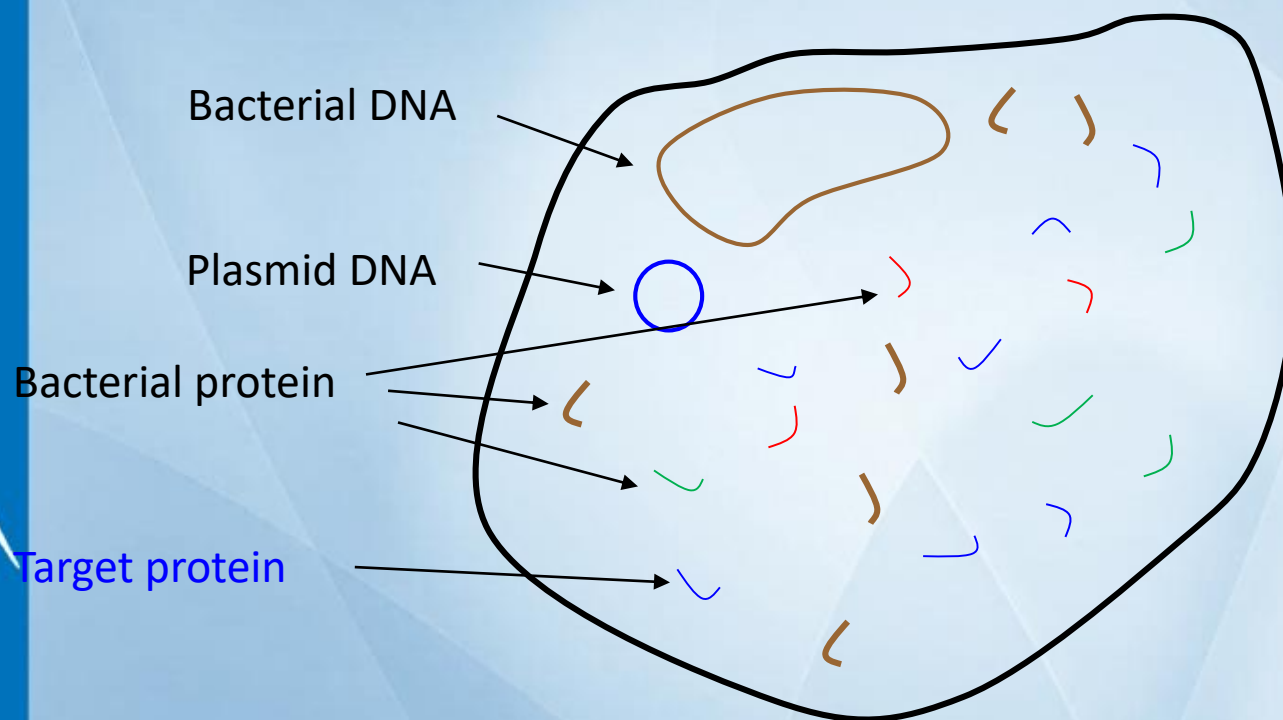
[Animation](#)



Protein Expression



Bacterial Growth

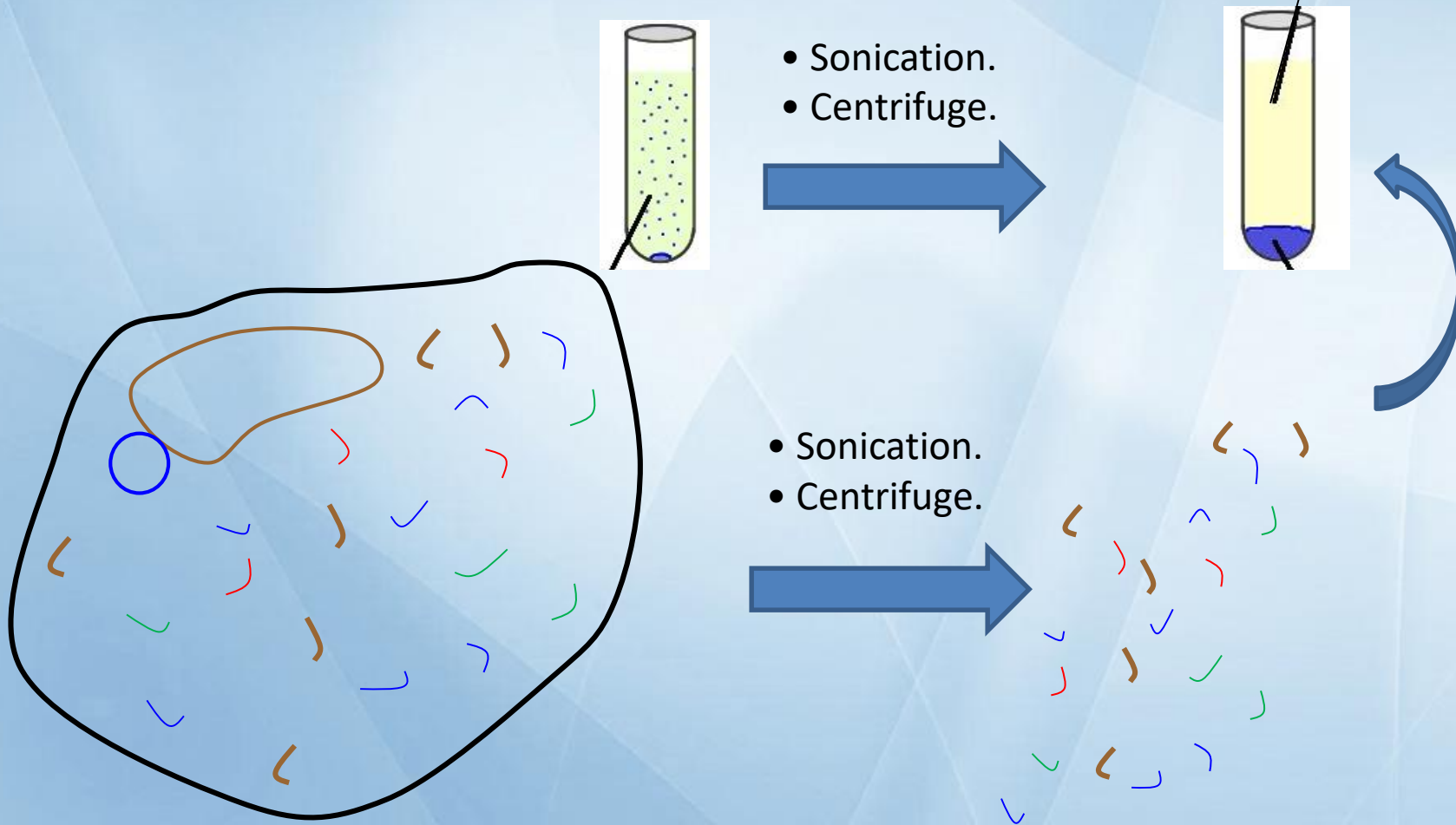


Pellet



Lysis

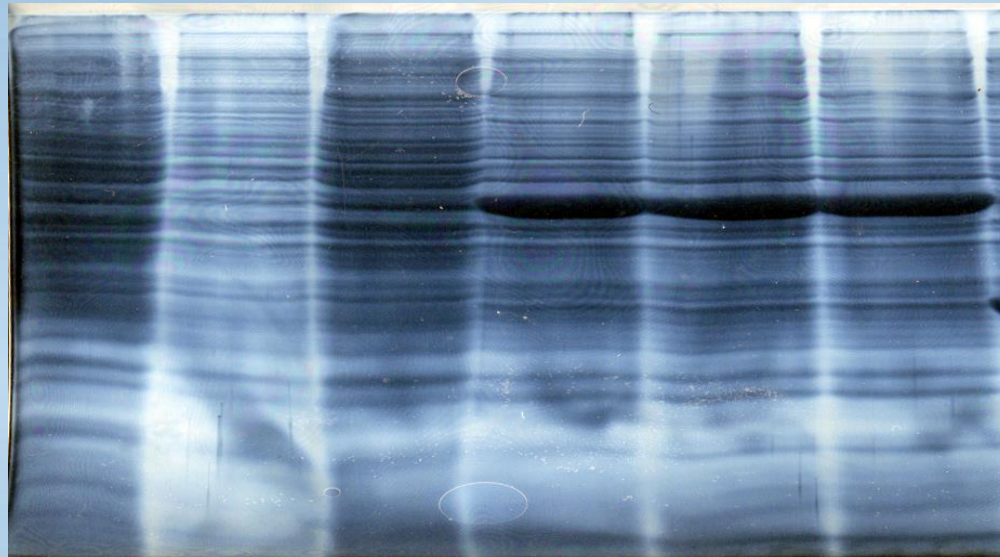
- Pellet is resuspended in the lysis buffer containing, and sonicated to further liberate the protein
- Spin down the denaturing lysis buffer, cell wall and debris will pellet at the bottom and our protein is in the soluble supernatant.



Expression of protein in *E. coli*

Uninduced

Induced Samples



We want to work with pure proteins. How do we purify it from all the other *E. coli* proteins?

Why purify a protein?

- To study its function, Activity
- For industrial or therapeutic applications
- Study protein regulation and protein interactions
- Produce Antibodies
- Perform structural analysis by X-Ray and Crystallography

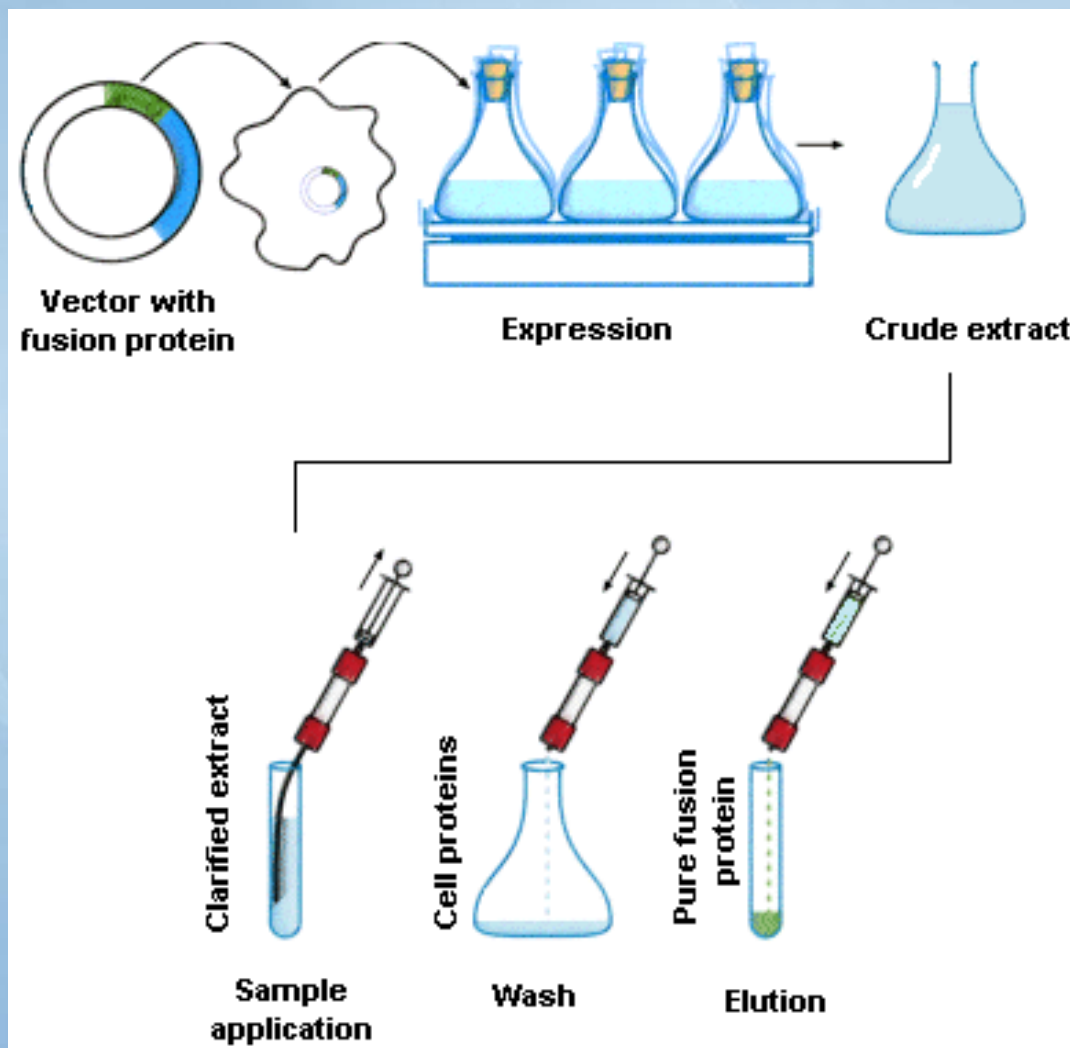
HOW to purify a protein?

Affinity chromatography (AC)

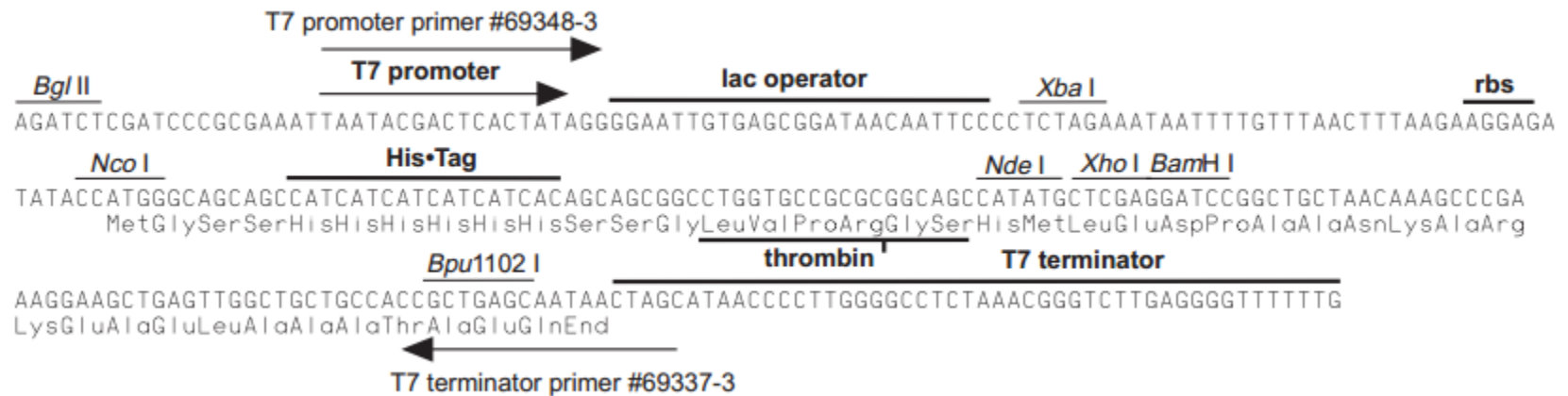
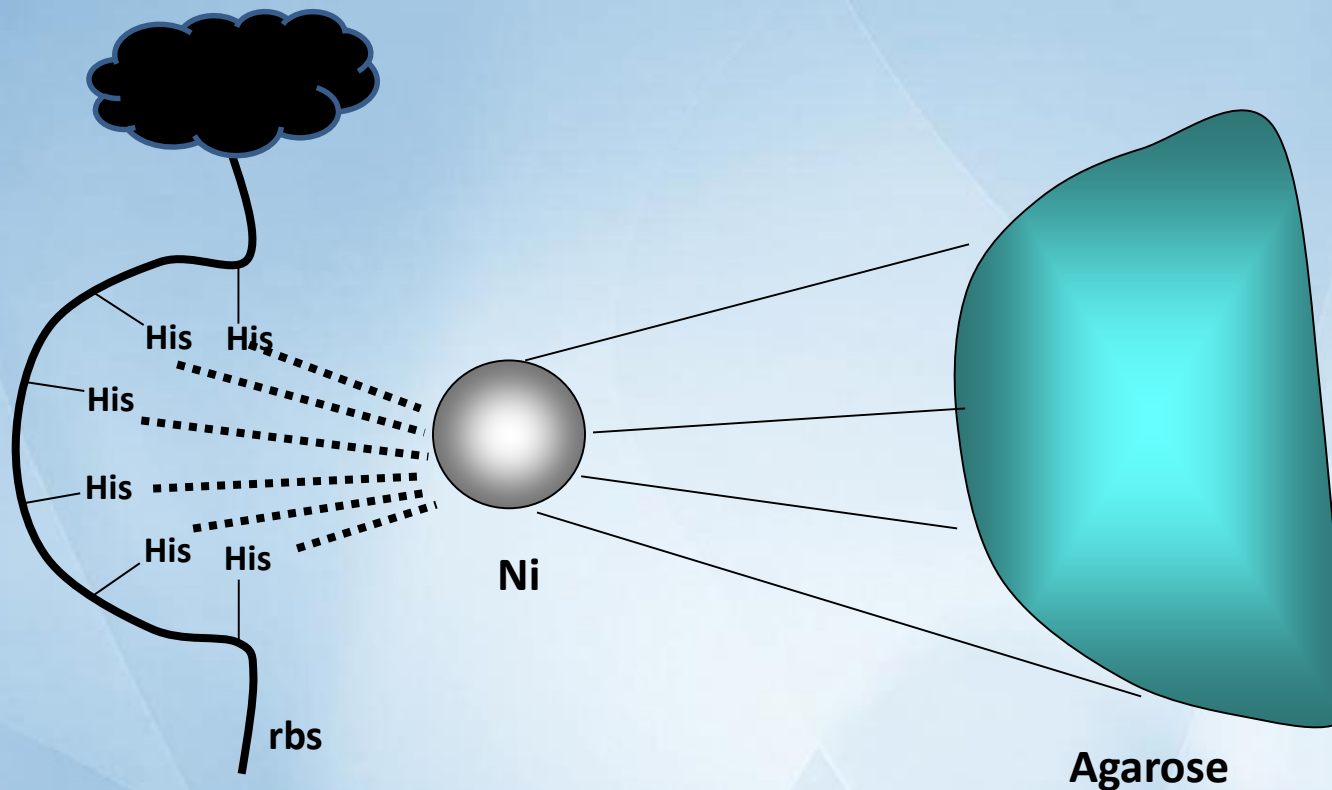
What is AC?

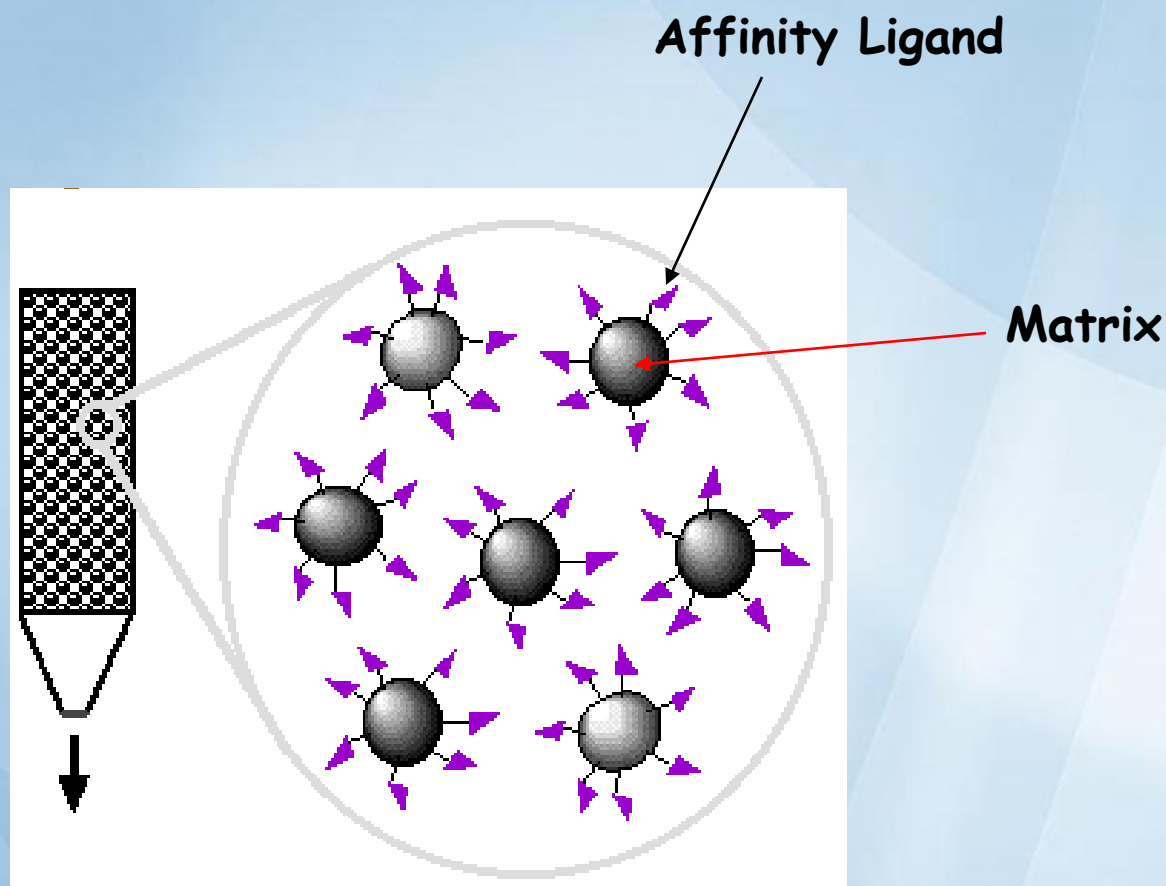
- **AC** is a technique enabling purification of a biomolecule with respect to biological function or individual chemical structure.
- AC is designed to purify a particular molecule from a mixed sample.

Affinity chromatography applied to recombinant proteins

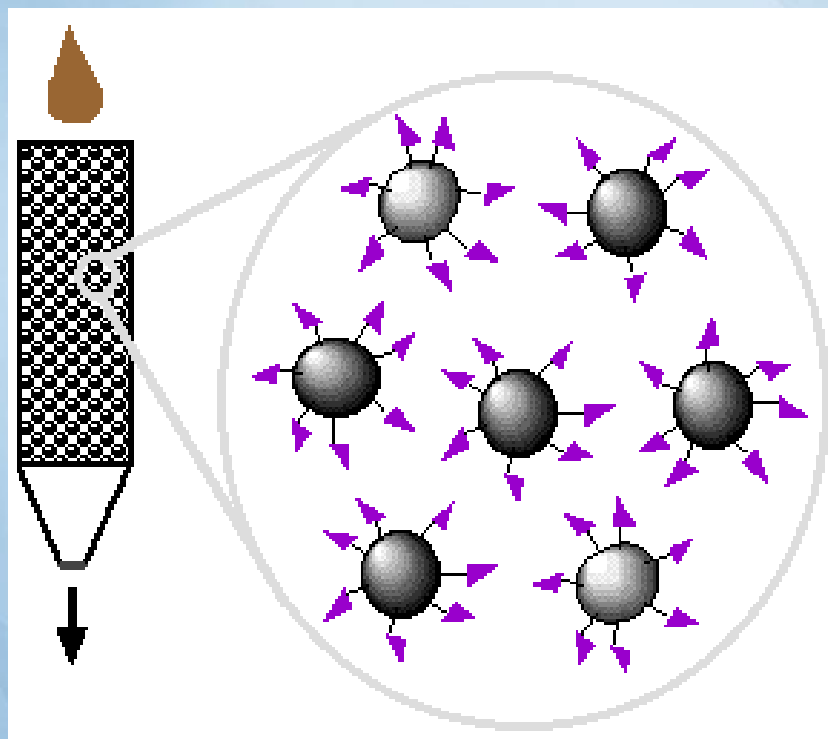


Affinity Chromatography

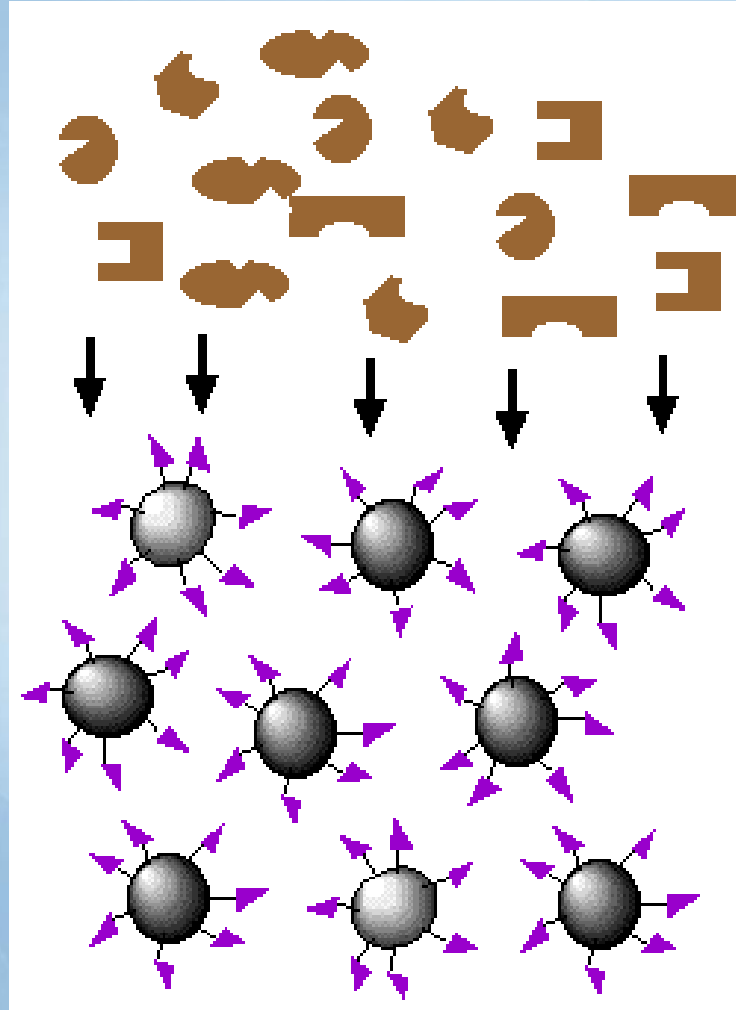




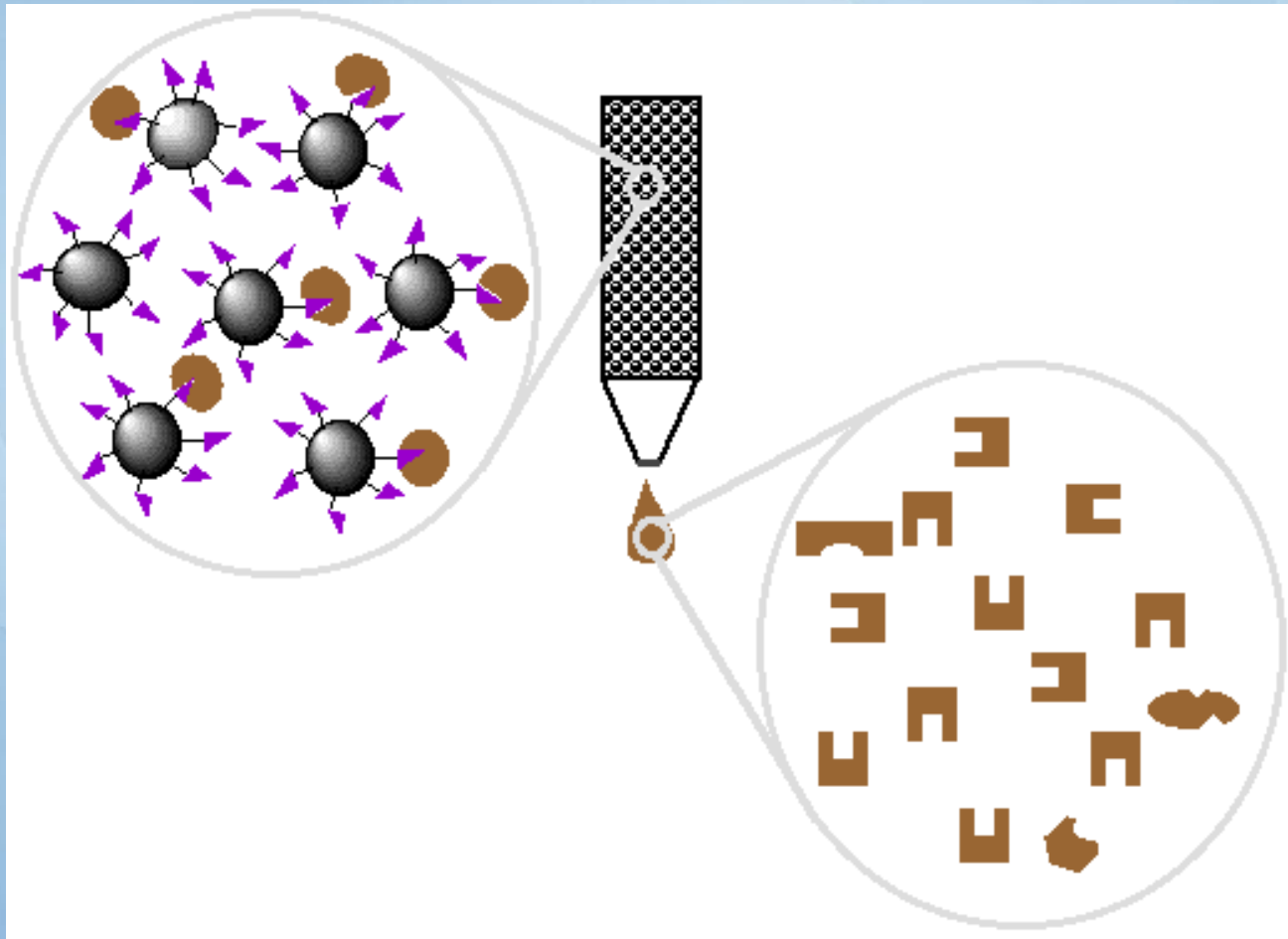
Step 1. Loading affinity column.



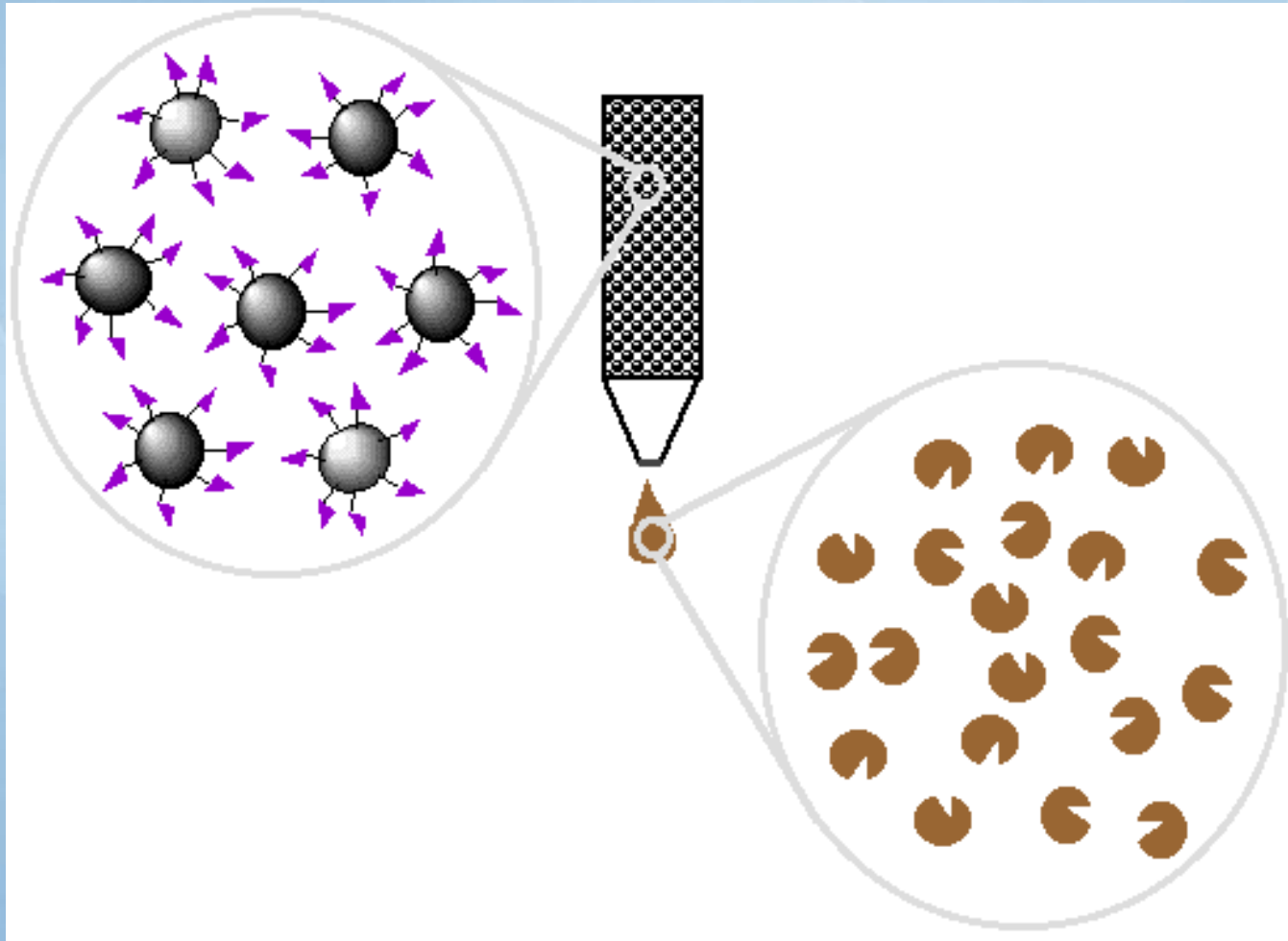
Step 2. Proteins sieve through matrix of affinity beads.



Step 5. Wash off proteins that bind loosely.

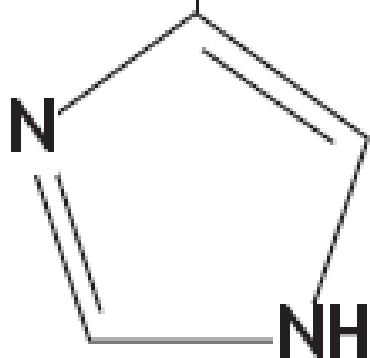


Step 6. Elute proteins that bind tightly to ligand and collect purified protein of interest.



Elution with imidazole

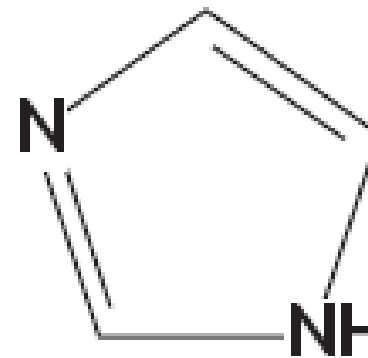
Why imidazole?



Histidine



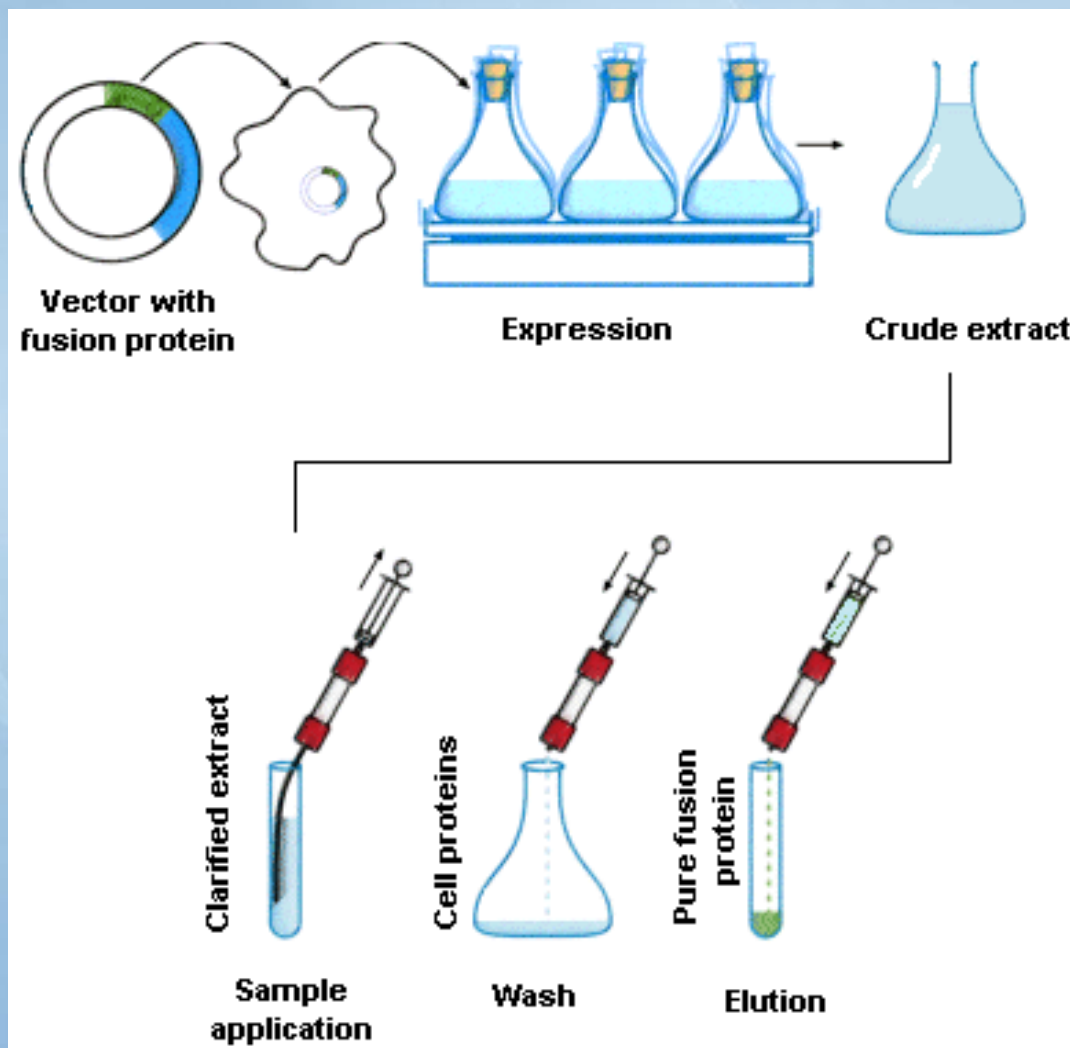
The imidazole ring is part of the structure of histidine



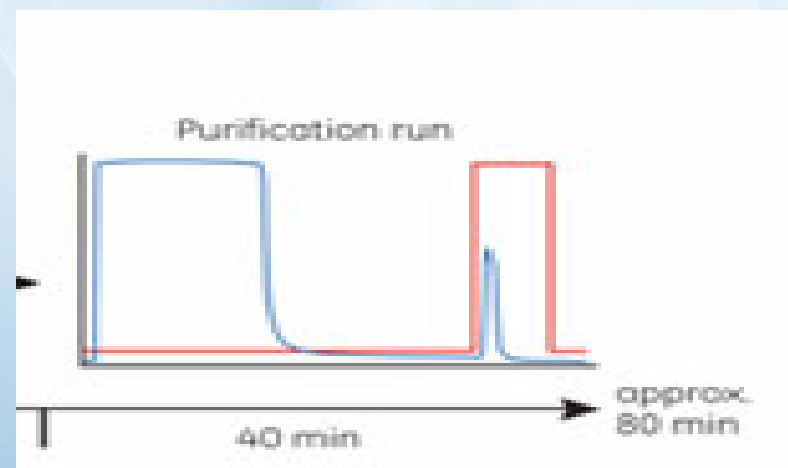
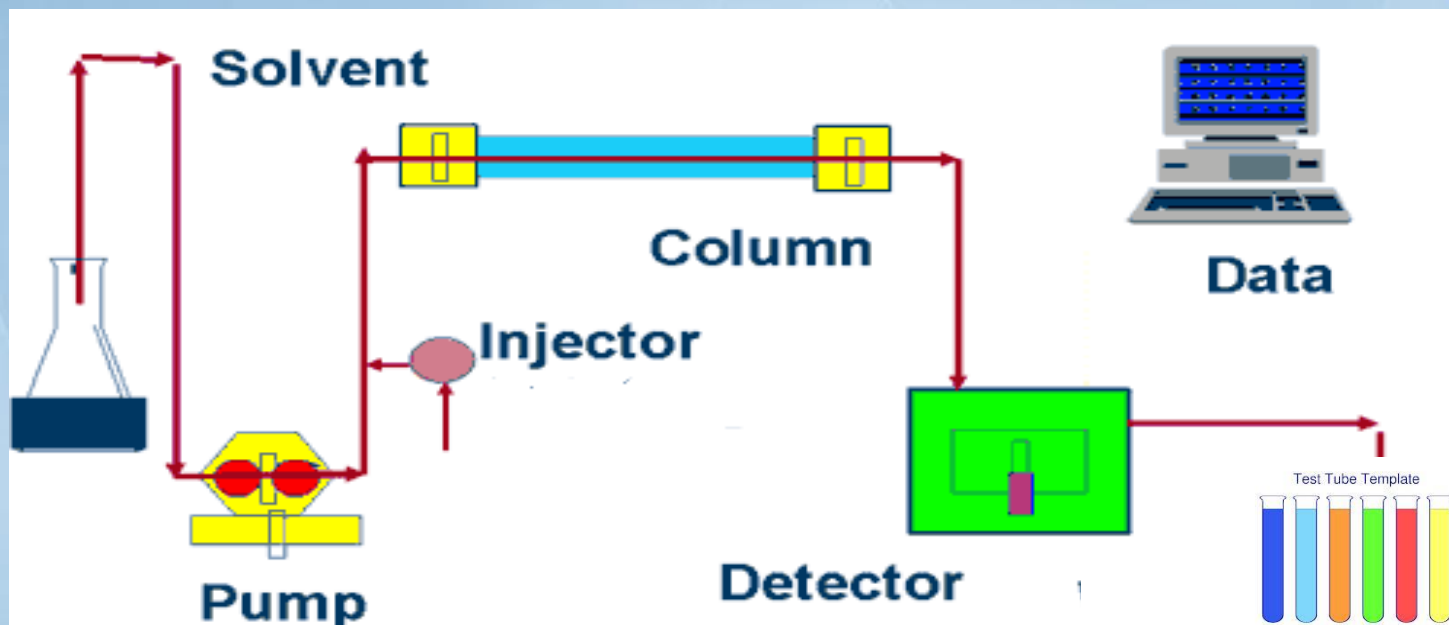
Imidazole



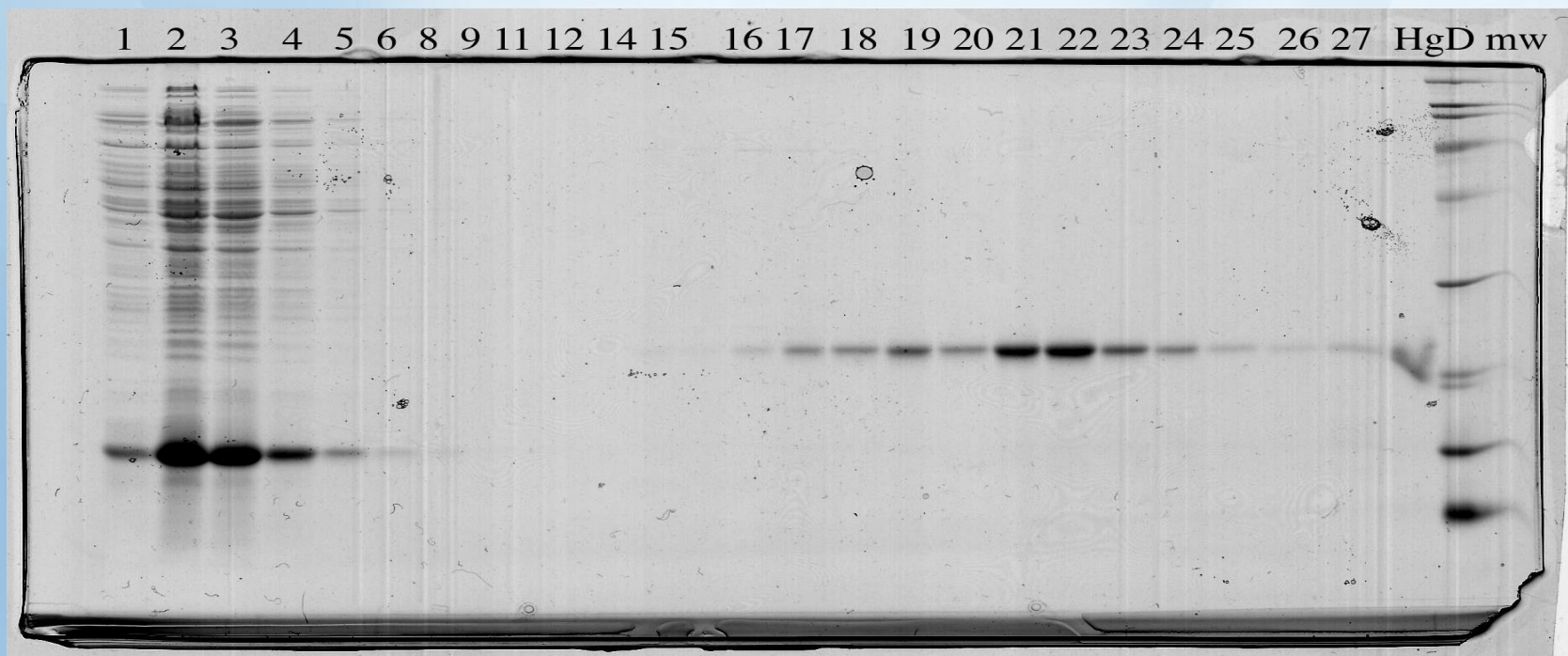
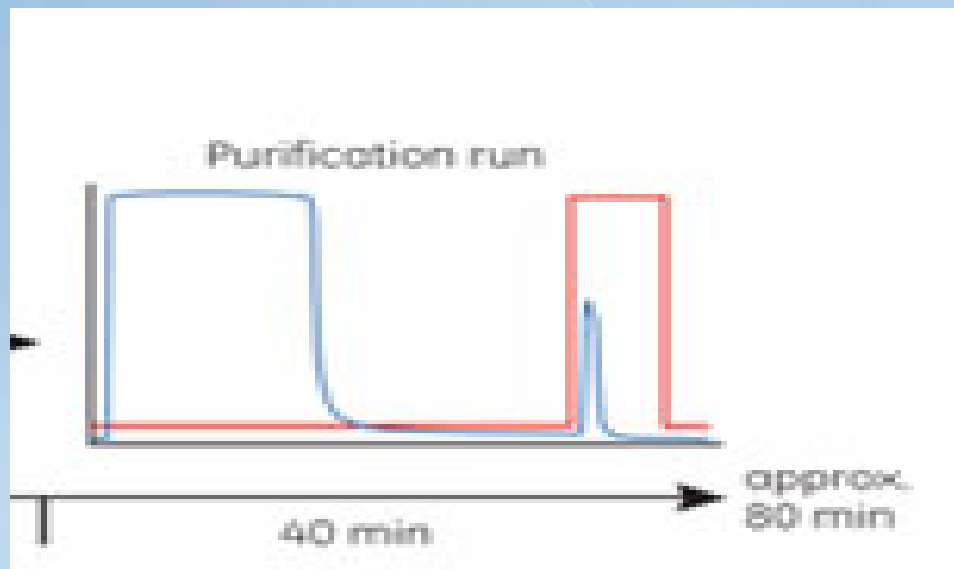
Affinity chromatography applied to recombinant proteins



IMAC System



Purity test



Protein dialysis

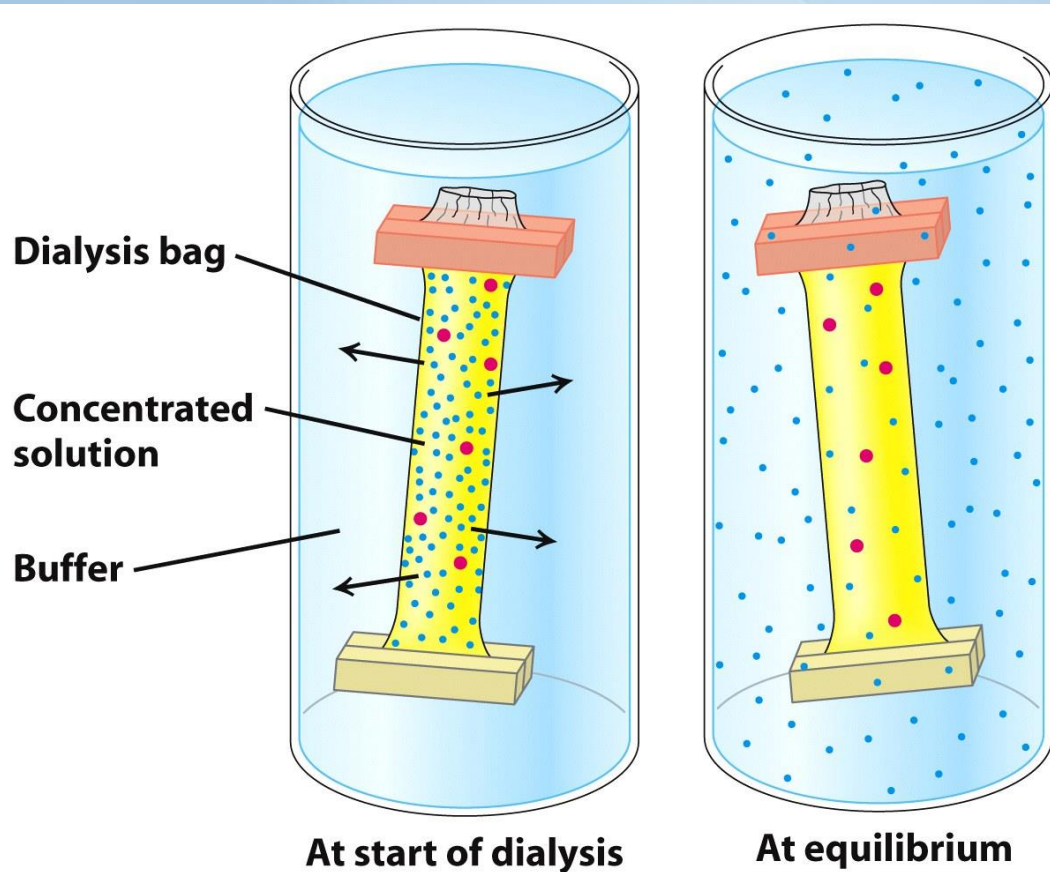


Figure 3.2
Biochemistry, Seventh Edition
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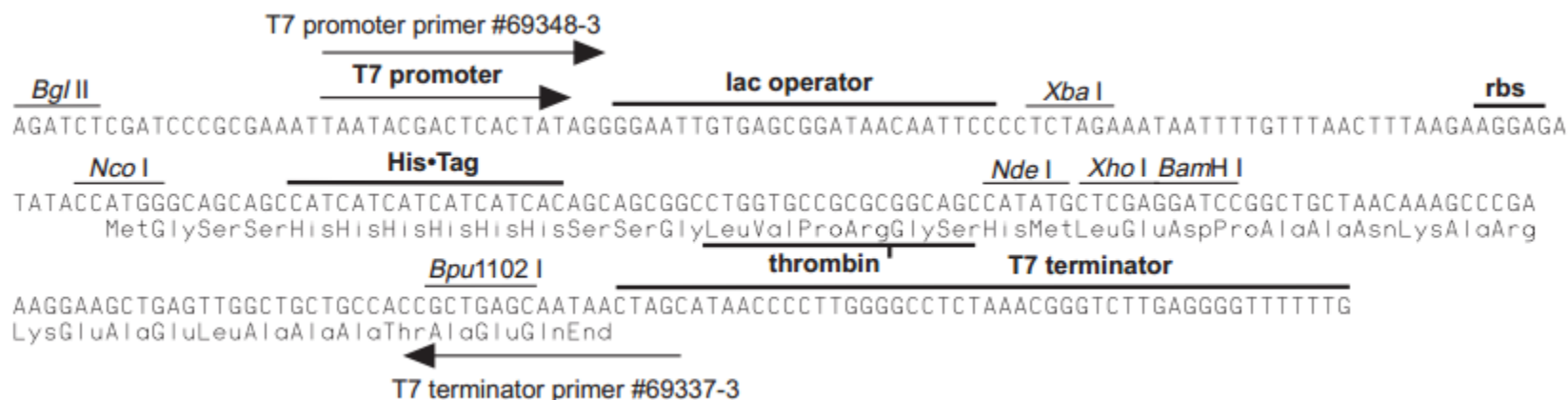
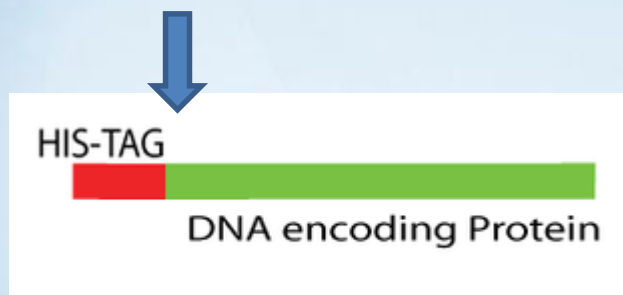
Protein Concentrators



Cleavage of His tag

His tag is not part of the protein. It needs to be removed in order to perform structural and biophysical studies on the protein.

- Thrombin is used to remove the His tag.



Examples of tags and ligands

- His-tag
- FLAGTM peptide
- *Strep*-tag
- GST tag
- Maltose binding protein fusion
- Calmodulin binding protein fusion
- Transition metal ion
- Monoclonal antibody
- Biotin
- Glutathione
- Amylose
- Ca²⁺

Vector	amp ^r	kan ^r	T7	T7/lac	f1 ori	His•Tag	T7•Tag ¹¹	T7•Tag ²⁶⁰	S•Tag	Trx•Tag	CBD•Tag TM	KSI	HSV•Tag	PKA	GST•Tag	Dsb•Tag	signal seq.	LIC available
pET-3a-c	●		●				N											
pET-5a-c	●		●				N											
pET-9a-d		●	●				N											
pET-11a-d	●			●			N											
pET-12a-c	●		●														●	
pET-14b	●		●			N											T	
pET-15b	●			●		N											T	
pET-16b	●		●			N											X	
pET-17b	●		●				N											
pET-17xb	●		●					N										
pET-19b	●		●			N											E	
pET-20b(+)	●		●		●	C											●	
pET-21a-d(+)	●			●	●	C	N											
pET-22b(+)	●			●	●	C											●	
pET-23a-d(+)	●		●		●	C	N											
pET-24a-d(+)		●		●	●	C	N											
pET-25b(+)	●			●	●	C							C				●	
pET-26b(+)		●		●	●	C											●	
pET-27b(+)		●		●	●	C							C				●	
pET-28a-c(+)		●		●	●	N,C	I										T	
pET-29a-c(+)		●		●	●	C			N								T	
pET-30a-c(+)		●		●	●	N,C			I								T,E	
pET-30 Ek/LIC		●		●	●	N,C			I								T,E	●
pET-30 Xa/LIC		●		●	●	N,C			I								T,X	●
pET-31b(+)	●			●	●	C						N						
pET-32a-c(+)	●			●	●	I,C			I	N							T,E	
pET-32 Ek/LIC	●			●	●	I,C			I	N							T,E	●
pET-32 Xa/LIC	●			●	●	I,C			I	N							T,X	●
pET-33b(+)		●		●	●	N,C	I							N			T	
pET-34b(+)		●		●	●	C			I		N						T,E	●
pET-35b(+)		●		●	●	C			I		N						T,X	●
pET-36b(+)		●		●	●	C			I		N						T,E	●
pET-37b(+)		●		●	●	C			I		N						T,X	●
pET-38b(+)		●		●	●	C			I		C						T	●
pET-39b(+)		●		●	●	I,C			I						N		T,E	●
pET-40b(+)		●		●	●	I,C			I						N		T,E	●
pET-41a-c(+)		●		●	●	I,C			I							N	T,E	
pET-42a-c(+)		●		●	●	I,C			I							N	T,X	
pSCREEN-1b(+)	●		●		●	I		N	I								T,E	

Notes:

T7•Tag¹¹ = 11 aa fusion tag T7•Tag²⁶⁰ = 260 aa fusion tag signal seq. = signal sequence for potential periplasmic localization

I = internal tag N = N-terminal tag C = optional C-terminal tag

protease cleavage sites: T = thrombin E = enterokinase X = Factor Xa

LIC = ligation independent cloning, vectors available separately as linearized DNA

pSCREEN-1b(+) carries the pUC origin of replication; all other pET vectors carry the pBR322 origin

